UNIT 9

UNDERSEA WORLD

I. Circle the word that is pronounced differently from the others.

1. bear	leave	peace	cheap
2. near	here	ear	meat
3. hair	chair	rain	air
4. tour	pour	four	thought
5. gulf	hunt	sure	ourrent
6. where	share	wear	fear
7. cheer	feed	deep	sea
8. pear	clear	sphere	idea
9. heir	dear	their	care
10. group	souvenir	through	should

II. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in the box.

challenge	discover	depend	investigate	contribute
cover	conserve	entrap	maintain	mystery

- 1. Scientists have made many important new......of the depth by using modern devices.
- 2. Community police have made a very positive......to crime prevention.
- 3. This new discovery.....traditional beliefs.
- 4. They are investigating the.....disappearance of a young woman.
- 5. Seventy-five percent of the earth surface is.....by water.
- 6. The power station has been shut down for essential.....
- 7. The......of the seabed is being carried out.

8. Sperm whale populations are at risk due to hunting and their accidental				
in fishing nets.				
9. By the age of eighteen he was complete	of his parents.			
10. The government has just set up a wildlif	eproject.			
III. Choose the word or phrase that cou	ald best explain the underlined word or			
phrase in each sentence.				
1. If modern technology did not exist	, we would never have such precious			
information.				
a. valuable b. precise	c. confidential d. detailed			
2. Some <u>marine</u> animals are dangerous to hu	amans.			
a. living in the mountain	b. living in the ocean			
c. living in the forest	d. living in the house			
3. The floor was covered in <u>tiny</u> pieces of pa	aper.			
a. unimportant b. many	c. very large d. extremely small			
4. Sperm whales and sharks are <u>carnivores</u> .				
a. animals that live in the sea	b. animals that only eat plants			
c. fish that aren't born from eggs	d. animals that eat meat			
5. We enjoyed the warm water of the Gulf of	of Thailand.			
a. a small sea				
b. a large area of ocean almost surrounde	d by land			
c. a part of the sea enclosed by a wide cur	rve of the shore			
d. a large area of water surrounded by land				
6. Hunan infants have a gestation period of	nine months.			

a. the time durin	g which a human baby	develops inside its	mother
b. the time when	a stomach digests foo	od	
c. the time of eat	ing food		
d. the time of gro	owing up		
7. We had an accid	ental meeting with an	old friend at the par	ty last night.
a. unpleasant	b. unexpected	c. unlucky	d. unacceptable
8. How many <u>offsp</u>	oring does a sperm who	ale usually have?	
a. eggs	b. mammals	c. babies	d. diets
IV. Complete the	ese sentences with s	hould/ shouldn't +	infinitive (or a passive
form) using one	of these verbs: inclu	de, keep, meet, refr	igerate, stay, break, tell,
warn, take, play.		100	
1. Those boys	football on th	e street. It's very da	ngerous.
2. This medicine	in a cool p	lace.	
3. You	him about this deal.	It's supposed to be a	bsolutely confidential.
4. Here's someone	you really		
5. She	in bed all day unless	she's ill.	
6. According to the	label, the jam	after opening.	
7. You'll catch cold	d if you go out like tha	at. I think you	a hat.
8. People	of the danger of s	wimming off this be	ach.
9. This information	you send	details of courses t	taken at university.
10. People	their promises.		
V. Give advice	to the following pe	ople. Use I think	should or I don't
thinkshould ar	nd one of these phras	es.	

	Tell your bank	Wait				
	Go to work	Tell them to buy fruit				
	Drive	Be more careful				
	Write to people	Work so hard				
1.	Jenny and Tony are only sixteen	, but they say they want to get i	married.			
Ì	I think they should wait.		XX			
2.	Kate is crying because I knocked	d her over. We were playing a g	game.			
3.	Peter's got a very bad cold.					
4.	Ann's phone bill was enormous	! Three hundred pounds!				
5.	Keith wants to drive home, but l	ne hasn't got his glasses.				
6.	6. One of my teeth is loose.					
7. I've lost my cheque book and credit cards.						
8. My shoes have got a hole in them. I only bought them last week!						
9.	My children spend all their pock	tet money on sweets.				

Take them back to the shop

Go to the dentist

10. I'm always tired because I've been working very hard.
VI. Put the verb into the correct form.
1. If my grandfather(be) still alive, he would be a hundred today.
2. I(offer) to give you a lift if I had my car here.
3. Where(you/choose) if you could live anywhere in the world?
4. If you(drive) from London to Glasgow, which way would you go?
5. If I(live) out of town, I(take) up the garden.
6. We(not have) any money if we(not work)
7. I(not mind) living in England if the weather(be) better.
8. If I were you, I(not wait), I(go) now.
9. If we(drive) more reliable car, we(drive) to Spain rather
than fly.
10. If Mr Morgan(be) still head teacher, he(not permit) such
bad behavior.
VII. Comment on these situations. Use a type 2 conditional.
1. Alan always overeats at lunch because he never cats breakfast.
If Alan ate breakfast, he wouldn't overeat at lunch.
2. I don't know enough about the machine, so I can't mend it myself.
3. I don't ride the bus to work every morning because it's always so crowded.
4. Not enough money is spent on cancer research, so a prevention has not been found.

5. The wind is blowing hard, so I won't take the boat out for a ride.
6. Nick can't find the way because he hasn't got a map.
7. Schrooder ignores Lucy, so she gets angry at him.
8. I can't look the word up because I haven't got a dictionary.
9. Linus is smart, so he finds clever solutions to life's problems.
10. We don't visit our parents very often because they live so far away.
VIII. Complete these conversations. Put the verbs in brackets into the first-or second conditional. 1. A: We're not late, are we?
B: No. We(be) fine if we(leave) in the next ten minutes.
2. A: Come on, can't you and Anne be friends? B: No, I(speak) to her again unless she(say) sorry for what she's done.
3. A: So you think it's my fault that I feel so tired?
B: Yes, you(feel) much better if you(go) to bed at a reasonable time.
4. A: What's your idea of the most perfect place for a holiday?

B: I think I(go) to the	Seychelles if I(have) the
money.	
5. A: Do you and your brother get together v	ery oftern?
B: No, we(see) each other	er more if we(live) closer,
but he lives in Scotland.	
6. A: Is it going to be a big party?	
B: Yes, if most people(co	ome), there(be) about 100
of us.	
7. A: Let's go to the beach.	
B: No, it's too cold. If it	(be) warmer, I(not mind)
going to the beach.	
8. A: I don't know what happened to my diet	tionary. I've looked everywhere for it.
B: What(you/do) if you	(not find) it?
9. A: Do you have any plans for next year?	
B: Well, I(travel) if I	(can afford) it.
But I don't have any money.	
10. A: Why do you read newspapers?	
B: Well, if 1(not read)	newspapers, I(not know)
what was happening in the world.	
IX. Choose the correct completion.	
1. I'm not an astronaut. If Ian as	stronaut, Imy camera with me
on the rocket ship.	
a. am/ will take	b. was/ would take
c. were/ had taken	d. was/ would have taken

2. Don't throw aerosol into a fire. An aer	rosolif youit into a
fire.	
a. will be exploded/ throw	b. would explode/ threw
c. explodes/ will throw	d. can explode/ throw
3. That sounds like a good ofter. I	it if Iyou.
a. had accepted/ were	b. will accept/ am
c. would accept/ were	d. accepted/ were
4. Nora is using my car right now. If she	it back in time, you're welcome
to borrow it.	
a. brought b. would bring	c. will bring d. brings
5. If energyinexpensive and	unlimited, many things in the world be
different.	
a. is b. was	c. had been d. would be
6. If youall of my questions, I.	anything to help you.
a. don't answer/ can't do	b. didn't answer/ won't do
c. wouldn't answer/ can't do	d. wouldn't answer/ couldn't do
7. If Itake	an airplane to fly home.
a. have/ won't have to	b. had/ wouldn't have
c. have/ will have to	d. had/ didn't have to
8. 'Here's my phone number.'	
thanks, Iyou a call if I	some help.
a. will give/ will need	b. would give/ needed
c. give/ need	d. will give/ need
9. If weserious about pollution	, wemore money on research.

a. had been/spent

b. were/ had spent

c. were/ would spend

d. are/ will spend

10. Sea water is salty. If the oceans...........of fresh water, there.......plenty of water to irrigate all of the deserts in the world.

a. consisted/ would be

b. consisted/ were

c. would consist/ could be

d. consist/ will be

X. Read the passage carefully, then choose the correct answer – a,b,c or d.

Most people are afraid of sharks, but they usually do not know much about them. For example, there are about 350 species of sharks that live in oceans over the world. All of the sharks are carnivores, but most of them don't attack people. Some sharks are very small – the smallest shark is about 6 inches long – about as long as your hand. But some sharks are very large. The largest species of sharks may be 60 feet long and weigh 15 tons. Unlike many other kinds of fish, sharks do not have bone. Their bodies are made up of a kind of tough white flexible material (called cartilage). Sharks do not have ears. However, they 'hear' sounds and movements in the water. Any sound or movement makes the water vibrates. Sharks can feel these vibrations, and *they* help the sharks find food. Sharks use their large eyes to find food, too. Most sharks see best in low light. They often hunt for food at dawn, in the evening, or in the middle of the night.

Nowadays scientists want to learn more about sharks for several reasons. For example, cancer is common in many animals, including people. However, it is rare in sharks. Scientists want to find out why sharks almost never get cancer. Maybe this information can help people prevent cancer too.

1. According to the passage, sharks.....

a. are big mammals

b. usually live in warm water

c. are meat eaters

c. always attack humans.

2	. How long is a smallest shark?				
	a. About 6 centimeters	b. As long as a hand			
	c. As ones long hand	d. About 1,5 meters			
3	The word ' <i>they</i> ' in line 11 refers to				
	a. sharks b. sounds	c. vibrations	d. movements		
4	Sharks can hunt for food at night because	9			
	a. they 'hear' more clearly at night.	b. their eyes are large			
	c. they feel vibrations in the water.	d. they see well in the	e dark.		
5	. Which of the following is not true?				
	a. Large sharks can weigh up to 15000 kg.				
	b. Sharks' bodies are made up of cartilage.				
	c. Sharks can find their food by feeling vibrations.				
	d. Sharks often attack people.				
6	6. It can be inferred from the last paragraph that				
	a. sharks are being studied.				
	b. the cancer risk among animals is found to be higher.				
	c. scientists are given permission to catch sharks for their studies.				
	d. information about sharks help people cure cancer				
XI. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first.					
1	1. Climbing without a safety rope is forbidden.				
	You aren't				
2	2. Nigel hasn't got satellite TV, so he can't watch the game.				
	If				

3. Walking home	alone is not a	good idea.			
You					
4. 'Did someone ring you an hour ago?' Martin said to Susan.					
Martin asked.					
5. Throw a stone If					
	el on this train	if you don't	have a reservation.		
7. 'If I were you. Sue					
8. The exam ques	stion was so ea	asy that we a	ll got it right.		
It was 9. Although he w Despite	vasn't experier				
10. Since you have	ven't finished	your homew	ork, you can't come	with them.	
ĐÁP ÁN:	// /				
I. /					
1. bear	3. rain	5. sure	7. cheer	9. dear	
2. meat	4. tour	6. fear	8. pear	10. should	
II.					
1. discoveries	4. mys	terious	7. investigation	10. conservation	
2. contribution	5. cove	ered	8. entrapment		

- 3. challenged 6. maintenance 9. independent III. 1. a 2. b 3. d 4. d 5. b 8. c 6. a 7. b IV. 1. shouldn't play 6. should be refrigerated 2. should be kept 7. should take 3. shouldn't tell 8. should be warned 4. should meet 9. should include 5. shouldn't stay 10. shouldn't break V. 2. I think you should be more careful. 3. I don't think he should go to work.
- 4. I think she should write to people.
- 5. I don't think he should drive.
- 6. I think you should go to the dentist.
- 7. I think you should tell your bank.
- 8. I think you should take them back to the shop.
- 9. I think you should tell them to buy fruit.
- 10. I don't think you should work so hard.

VI.

- 1. Was/ were 6. wouldn't have didn't work
- 2. would offer 7. wouldn't mind was/were
- 3. did you choose 8. wouldn't wait would go
- 4. drove/ were driving 9. had would drive

- 5. lived would take/ could take
- 10. was/ were wouldn't permit

VII.

- 2. If I knew enough about the machine, I would mend it myself.
- 3. If it wasn't/ weren't so crowded, I would ride the bus to work every morning.
- 4. If more money was/ were spend on cancer research, a prevention would be found.
- 5. If the wind wasn't/ weren't blowing hard, I would take the boat out for a ride.
- 6. If Nick had a map, he could find the way.
- 7. If Schroeder didn't ignore Lucy, she wouldn't get angry at him.
- 8. If I had a dictionary, I could look the word up.
- 9. If Linus wasn't/ weren't smart, he wouldn't find clever solutions to life's problems.
- 10. If our parents didn't live so far away, we would visit them more often.

VIII.

1. Will be - leave

6. come – will be

6. a

2. won't speak - says

7. was/ were – wouldn't mind

3. would feel - have

8. will you do – don't find

4. will go - have

9. would travel – could afford

7. d

5. would see - lived

10. didn't read – wouldn't know

2. d

8. d

9. c

10. A

X. 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. d 5. d 6. A

3. c

XI.

IX. 1. b

1. You aren't allowed to climb without a safety rope.

4. d

5. b

- 2. If Nigel had satellite TV, he could watch the game.
- 3. You shouldn't wake home alone.

- 4. Martin asked Susan if someone had rung her an hour before.
- 5. If you throw a stone into water it sinks.
- 6. Unless you have a reservation, you can't travel on this train.
- 7. Sue advised me to take the job.
- 8. It was such an easy exam question that we all got it right.
- 9. Despite his unexperience, he got the job.
- 10. If you finished your homework, you could come with them.

THE END